Streamlined Sales Tax Project

Policymakers' Briefing Rosemont, Illinois September 6, 2000

reamlined Sales Tax Project

Background

- Simplification Project
- National Tax Association Project
- Advisory Commission on Electronic Commerce
- National Governors' Association Proposal

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Project Focus - Modernization Project Vision

- Simplification and Uniformity
- Project Mission
 - To develop measures to design, test and implement a system that radical simplifies sales and use taxes

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Project Organization

- Steering Committee
 - -Seven Members
 - *MI, MO, NC, SD, TN, WI, and WY*
- Work Groups
- Project Meetings
 –Seven Meetings
 - Denver (2), St. Louis, Chicago (3), San Antonio

articipating States (26)

Arkansas Florida Illinois Iowa Kansas Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maryland Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Nebraska New Jersey N. Carolina N. Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Rhode Isla S. Carolina S. Dakota Tennessee Utah West Virgin Wisconsin Wyoming

pserver States (13)

Alabama California Colorado Connecticut Georgia Idaho Indiana Maine Nevada Pennsylvania Texas Vermont Washington

ork Groups

- Technology, Audit, Privacy and Paying for the System
- Tax Base Uniformity and Exemption Administration
- Tax Rates, Registration, Returns and Remittances
- Sourcing and Other Simplifications

chnology, Audit, Privacy, and ying for the System

Technology solutions
Privacy of purchasers
Audit and certification standards
Paying for system

chnology, Audit, Privacy, and ying for the System

Models

- Certified Service Provider (CSP)
- Retailer Using Certified Automated System (CAS)
- Proprietary System as a Certified Automated System (CAS)
- Traditional collection systems

Certified Service Provider

Retailer selects CSP to perform sales tax functions.

- CSP determines tax due, pays the tax to the states, and files the return with the states us a CAS.
- States will compensate a CSP.
- CSP is liable for tax collected and tax due of transactions using certified software.
- CSP is not liable for tax due as a result of errors by the state and fraud by the retailer.
- CSP is subject to audit and periodic system checks.

Retailer Uses Certified Automated System

Retailer selects CAS to calculate tax due.

Person who obtained CAS state certification liable for failure of system to perform as certified and failure to timely correct errors.

- Retailer is liable for tax collected and tax du on transactions using CAS.
- Retailer is subject to audit on tax remittance and return filing.
- CAS is subject to periodic system checks.

Proprietary System as a Certified Automated System

- Retailer obtains certification of sales ta system from states.
- Retailer is liable for tax collected and tax due on transactions using system.
- Retailer is subject to periodic system checks.
- Retailer is subject to audit on tax remittance and return filing.

Traditional Collection Systems

Current practice Uniform laws will apply (existing taxpayers get benefits)

x Base Uniformity and cemption Administration

Exemption Processing

- Relax good faith requirement
- Exemption database
- Product codes/classifications
 - Exploring coding systems
 - Definitions

x Rates, Registration, Returns d Remittances

Rate issues
Matching rates to jurisdiction
Notice of tax rate changes
Single registration
Simplified filing



Uniform treatment of bad debts
 Uniform rounding
 Uniform sourcing

e Project

Accomplishments

- Reviewed Features and Issues
- Met with Software Providers
- Met with Retailers
- Recruited Resource People
- Increased State Participation
- Issued RFP for Pilot Program
- Awarded Contracts for Pilot Program

ilot Project

Purpose - Test Linkage

Features - Existing Tax Law and Some Uniformity Features

States: Kansas Michigan

North Carolina Wisconsin

- Projected Date October 1, 2000
- Certified Service Providers
 - esalestax.com
 - Pitney Bowes (Vertex)
 - Taxware International (Hewlett-Packard)
 - Taxware International (Pitney Bowes)

Streamlined Sales Tax System

Model Legislation

Uniform Features

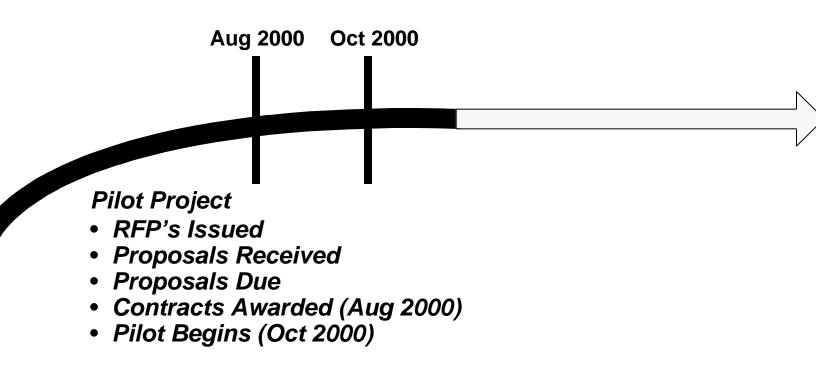
- Rate Simplifications
- Initial Uniform Definitions
- Exemption Administration
- Uniform Sourcing Rule
- Uniform Bad Debts Treatment
- Uniform Rounding Rule
- Certification Authority
- Payment Provisions

Additional Development (Phase II)

- More Uniform Definitions
- Product Coding
- Uniform Return
- Review of Pilot Results

Jan 2001

Streamlined Sales Tax System



Streamlined Sales Tax System

Model Legislation (Uniform Features and Procedures)

Legislative Adoption of Model Legislation (Phase I) Project (Phase II)

Pilot Project

oject Timeline

Sept 13-15 Sept 19

Sept 29 October October December 2001

2001

Project Meeting Draft Work Products Posted to Website Public Comment Day Project Meeting Drafting of Model Legislation Approval of Model Legislation Legislative Adoption of Model Legislation Additional Development

ebsite

www.streamlinedsalestax.org

- Structure and Rules
- Participating States
- Meeting Announcements
- Agendas
- Press Releases
- Project Updates