Mandating E-Filing

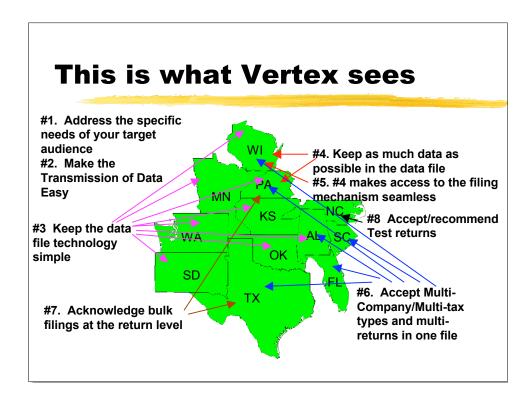
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Ink spot Test – What do you see?





E-Filing Mandates- Background

- Wisconsin's experience in implementing its e-filing mandate created an environment where we have attempted to serve all segments of our customer base by providing compliance options:
- Return Requirements Tax Rule 11.01(2)(b)
 - "The Department may require..."
 - "The secretary of revenue may waive..."
- Payment Requirements Tax Rule 1.12(4)(a)
 Payments of \$10,000 or more per year requires using EFT
- No provision for non-compliance penalty

E-Filing Mandates - History

- Sales Internet Process introduced in October 1999 growth slow... 5% of returns used SIP by July 2002
- Mandate Rule approved by Legislature in August 2002 first letters sent in August 2003
- Taxpayers Responded

Began with 65,400 letters 12,000 waivers requested 8,000 simply ignored us - 30% non-compliance

E-Filing Mandates - History

Agency discussions on defining the problems and responding began in January 2003

Listened to why Taxpayers were requesting waivers

- no personal computer
- already use software to prepare their return so SIP increased their workload
- Began developing alternatives to SIP
 File Transfer Project Team began efforts in February 2003
 Sales TeleFile Project Team began efforts in April 2004

E-Filing Mandates - History

Deployed three alternative methods to comply with mandate:

File Transfer - Using XML for the standard file structure, returns and payments are submitted through 3rd party vendor or directly by Taxpayer to server at DOR. Implemented in October 2003

Sales TeleFile - Using existing hardware this option was created for Taxpayer's without computer access. Can pay by EFT or with check but in a separate transaction. Implemented in February 2004

SIP - DOR developed on-line filing application continues to serve our Customers

E-Filing Mandates - Partnership

- File Transfer Program Vendors approved to participate:
- TrustFile
- SAXTAX
- Thomson/RIA
- Vertex, Inc.
- Exactor, Inc.
- Taxware
- Visit www.dor.state.wi.us

E-Filing Mandates - History

E-Filing Data

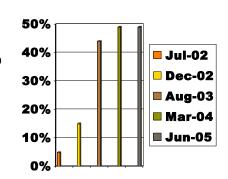
July 2002 5%

December 2002 15%

August 2003 44%

March 2004 49%

June 2005 49%



E-Filing Mandates - Next Steps

Resume Mandate

- New letter process was to begin
- Customer Service staff decides when and how many letters to mail.
- Begin with Early Monthly filers presently not in compliance.
- Then monthly, followed by quarterly and finished with annual filers.
- Waivers easily obtained with "reasons" tracked.
- Maintain balance to retain mandate

E-Filing Mandates - Letter



E-Filing Mandates - Other Tax Types

- Motor Fuel (first mandate requiring EDI)
- Individual Income Tax
- Tax 2.08(3)(b) Tax Preparer / Tax Firm Mandate For taxable year 2002, 200 or more returns For taxable year 2003 and thereafter, 100 or more returns "may require" and "may waive"
- Approved ERO's In Wisconsin 2,624 Out of State 2,368

E-Filing Mandates

2005 Tax Season

Return Processing Statistics Individual Income Tax

 Fed/State Electronic Filing
 1,537,800 returns

 • TeleFile
 66,859 returns

 • FreeFile
 91,016 returns

 Total e-file

1,537,800 Paper Returns

1,025,200 4

Total Returns (April 28, 2005) 2,563,000

- Growth rate at 6% overall
- Preparer growth
- Examine Preparer Compliance
 Data from IRS and other sources
- We are looking at the difference Non and Part Year Residents TPOS
 - Other areas?
- Demographic Analysis Who isn't filing electronically?

Leveraging Automated Sales Tax Systems

60%

- Principle #1: Provide e-Filing options that address the specific needs of your target audience
 - File Transfers (XML File Uploads)
 - I Tele-file (shrinking market)
 - Website (one-time data entry, self validating, immediate feedback)
- Principle #2: Make the transmission of the data easy
 - Website Communication

Leveraging Automated Sales Tax Systems

- Principle #3: Keep the data file technology simple
 - I Today: XML and Comma Separated Value (CSV) Files
 - Tomorrow: XML
- Principle #4: Keep as much data as possible in the data file
 - everything necessary to file and process the return is in the data file including the registration #, filing period, relevant tax data, and payment information

Leveraging Automated Sales Tax Systems

- Principle #5: Make access to the filing mechanism seamless
 - Validate the taxpayer through the elements in the file rather than requiring the taxpayer to go through a manual process before they can transmit.
- Principle #6: Accept Multi-company, multi-tax types and multi-returns in one file
 - Is there a reason not to?

Leveraging Automated Sales Tax Systems

- Principle #7: Acknowledge bulk filings at the return level
 - I This helps quickly determine which return(s) may be at issue while allowing the others to be processed without delay.
- Principle #8: Accept/recommend Test returns
 - Allow filers to "self-help" and identify problems rather than going directly to the state's support staff especially during peak filing periods.

E-Filing Mandates - Payments

- Tax 1.12(4) Requirement or Election to Use EFT
- Withholding\$10,000 or more paid in prior year
- Corporation / Franchise
 net tax less refundable credits in prior year \$40,000 or more
- Excise Taxes in General
 - \$40,000 in prior year
- The department shall notify the Taxpayer when EFT payments are required. Then a 90 day registration period begins. EFT requires prior registration in Wisconsin. However, for 2004 individual taxes we may accept EFT transactions without advanced registration.

E-Filing Mandates - Benefits

Maximize Paperless Filing
Maximize Customer Satisfaction
Minimize Costs
Reduce Processing Exceptions
Reduce Cycle Time
Eliminate Choice to Not Participate

E-Filing Mandates

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